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Amendments to the Claims

Please amend Claims 1 and 23 through 33 such that the pending claims will read as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A scheduler for a network processor, the scheduler including a scheduling queue in which a weighted fair queuing is applied, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula D = ((WF x FS)/SF), where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow;
FS is a frame size attributable to the respective flow;
and

SF is a scaling factor;

wherein the scaling factor SF is adjusted depending on a result of comparing the distance D to the range R.

- 2.(Original) The scheduler of claim 1, wherein SF is increased if D > R.
- 3.(Original) The scheduler of claim 2, wherein SF is increased if D exceeds R in regard to a predetermined number of calculations of D.
- 4. (Original) The scheduler of claim 1, wherein SF is decreased if D < R/2.
- 5. (Original) The scheduler of claim 4, wherein SF is decreased if D is less than one-half R in regard to a predetermined number of calculations of D.

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- 6. (Original) The scheduler of claim 1, wherein SF = 2n, n being a positive integer.
- 7.(Original) A scheduler of claim 6, wherein n is incremented to adjust SF.
- 8.(Original) The scheduler of claim 6, wherein n is decremented to adjust SF.
- 9.(Original) A method of managing a scheduling queue in a scheduler for a network processor, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula D = ((WF x FS)/SF), where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow;
FS is a frame size attributable to the respective flow;
and

SF is a scaling factor;

the method comprising:

calculating the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

comparing the distance D to the range R; and adjusting the scaling factor SF based on a result of the comparing step.

10.(Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the scaling factor SF is increased if the comparing step determines that D > R.

- 11.(Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the scaling factor SF is decreased if the comparing step determines that D < R/2.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein SF = 2n, n being a positive integer, and the adjusting step includes incrementing or decrementing n.
- 13. (Original) A method of managing a scheduling queue in a scheduler for a network processor, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula $D = (WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow;
F\$ is a frame size attributable to the respective flow;
and

SF is a scaling factor; the method comprising:

calculating the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

comparing the distance D to the range R;

incrementing a counter if the comparing step determines that D > R; and

increasing SF if the incremented counter exceeds a threshold.

- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein SF=2n, n being a positive integer, and the increasing step includes incrementing n.
- 15. (Original) A method of managing a scheduling queue in a scheduler for a network processor, the scheduling queue

having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula $D = (WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow;
FS is a frame size attributable to the respective flow;
and

SF is a scaling factor; the method comprising:

calculating the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

comparing the distance D to the range R;

incrementing a counter if the comparing step determines that D < R/2; and

decreasing SF if the incremented counter exceeds a threshold.

- 16. (Original) The method of claim 15, further comprising: clearing the counter if the comparing step determines that D > R/2.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein SF=2n, n being a positive integer, and the decreasing step includes decrementing n.
- 18.(Original) A method of managing a scheduling queue in a scheduler for a network processor, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula $D = (WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow;

FS is a frame size attributable to the respective flow; and

SF is a scaling factor;

the method comprising:

calculating the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

comparing the distance D to the range R;

incrementing a first counter if the comparing step determines that D > R;

increasing SF if the incremented first counter exceeds a first threshold;

incrementing a second counter if the comparing step determines that D < R/2; and

decreasing SF if the incremented second counter exceeds a second threshold.

- 19.(Original) The method of claim 18, further comprising: clearing the second counter if the comparing step determines that D > R/2.
- 20.(Original) The method of claim 18, wherein SF = 2n, n being a positive integer, the increasing step includes incrementing n, and the decreasing step includes decrementing n.
- 21.(Original) A method of managing a scheduling queue in a scheduler for a network processor, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula $D = (WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow;

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F\$ is a frame size attributable to the respective flow; and

SF is a scaling factor;

the method comprising:

calculating the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

comparing the distance D to the range R; and increasing SF if the distance D exceeds the range R.

22. (Original) A method of managing a scheduling queue in a scheduler for a network processor, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula $D = ((WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow; FS is a frame size attributable to the respective flow; and

SF is a scaling factor;

the method comprising:

calculating the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

comparing the distance D to the range R;

increasing SF if the distance D exceeds the range R;

incrementing a counter if the comparing step determines that D < R/2; and

decreasing SF if the incremented counter exceeds a

threshold.

23. (Currently Amended) A scheduler for a network processor, the scheduler including:

a scheduling queue in which a weighted fair queuing is applied, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being

attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula $D = (WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow;

FS is a frame size attributable to the respective flow; and

SF is a scaling factor;

wherein the scheduler is adapted to:

calculate the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

compare the distance D to the range R;

increment a counter if the comparison of the distance D to the range R determines that D > R; and

increase SF if the incremented counter exceeds a threshold.

24. (Currently Amended) A scheduler for a network processor, the scheduler including:

a scheduling queue in which \underline{a} weighted fair queuing is applied, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula D = ((WF x FS)/SF), where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow;

FS is a frame size attributable to the respective flow; and

SF is a scaling factor;

wherein the scheduler is adapted to:

calculate the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

compare the distance D to the range R;

increment a counter if the comparison of the distance D to the range R determines that D < R/2; and

decrease SF if the incremented counter exceeds a threshold.

25. (Currently Amended) A scheduler for a network processor, the scheduler including:

a scheduling queue in which <u>a</u> weighted fair queuing is applied, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula $D = (WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow:

F\$ is a frame size attributable to the respective flow; and

SF is a scaling factor;

wherein the scheduler is adapted to:

calculate the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

compare the distance D to the range R;

increment a first counter if the comparison of the distance D to the range R determines that D $> \Re$;

increase SF if the incremented first counter exceeds a first threshold;

increment a second counter if the comparison of the distance D to the range R determines that D < R/2; and

decrease SF if the incremented second counter exceeds a second threshold.

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26. (Currently Amended) A scheduler for a network processor, the scheduler including:

a scheduling queue in which <u>a</u> weighted fair queuing is applied, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula $D = (WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow:

FS is a frame size attributable to the respective flow; and

SF is a scaling factor;

wherein the scheduler is adapted to:

calculate the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

compare the distance D to the range R; and increase SF if the distance D exceeds the range R.

27. (Currently Amended) A scheduler for a network processor, the scheduler including:

a scheduling queue in which <u>a</u> weighted fair queuing is applied, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula $D = (WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow;

FS is a frame size attributable to the respective flow; and

SF is a scaling factor;

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wherein the scheduler is adapted to:

calculate the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

compare the distance D to the range R; increase SF if the distance D exceeds the range R;

increment a counter if the comparison of the distance D to the range R determines that D < R/2; and decrease SF if the incremented counter exceeds a

28. (Currently Amended) A computer program product for use with a scheduler for a network processor, the scheduler including:

a scheduling queue in which <u>a</u> weighted fair queuing is applied, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula $D = (WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow:

F\$ is a frame size attributable to the respective flow; and

SF is a scaling factor;

the computer program product comprising:

a medium readable by a computer, the computer readable medium having computer program code adapted to:

calculate the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

compare the distance D to the range R;

increment a counter if the comparison of the distance D to the range R determines that D > R; and

increase SF if the incremented counter exceeds a threshold.

29. (Currently Amended) A computer program product for use with a scheduler for a network processor, the scheduler including:

a scheduling queue in which <u>a</u> weighted fair queuing is applied, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula $D = (WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow;

F\$ is a frame size attributable to the respective flow; and

SF is a scaling factor;

the computer program product comprising:

a medium readable by a computer, the computer readable medium having computer program code adapted to:

calculate the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

compare the distance D to the range R;

increment a counter if the comparison of the distance D to the range R determines that D < R/2; and

decrease SF if the incremented counter exceeds a threshold.

30. (Currently Amended) A computer program product for use with a scheduler for a network processor, the scheduler including:

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a scheduling queue in which <u>a</u> weighted fair queuing is applied, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula $D = (WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow;

F\$ is a frame size attributable to the respective flow; and

SF is a scaling factor;

the computer program product comprising:

a medium readable by a computer, the computer readable medium having computer program code adapted to:

calculate the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

compare the distance D to the range R;

increment a first counter if the comparison of the distance D to the range R determines that D > R;

increase SF if the incremented first counter exceeds a first threshold:

increment a second counter if the comparison of the distance D to the range R determines that D < R/2; and

decrease SF if the incremented second counter exceeds a second threshold.

31. (Currently Amended) A computer program product for use with a scheduler for a network processor, the scheduler including:

a scheduling queue in which \underline{a} weighted fair queuing is applied, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being

calculated for each flow according to the formula $D = ((WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow;

FS is a frame size attributable to the respective flow; and

SF is a scaling factor;

the computer program product comprising:

a medium readable by a computer, the computer readable medium having computer program code adapted to:

calculate the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

compare the distance D to the range R; and increase SF if the distance D exceeds the range R.

32. (Currently Amended) A computer program product for use with a scheduler for a network processor, the scheduler including:

a scheduling queue in which <u>a</u> weighted fair queuing is applied, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula $D = (WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow;

FS is a frame size attributable to the respective flow; and

SF is a scaling factor;

the computer program product comprising:

a medium readable by a computer, the computer readable medium having computer program code adapted to:

calculate the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

compare the distance D to the range R;
increase SF if the distance D exceeds the range R;
increment a counter if the comparison of the distance
D to the range R determines that D < R/2; and

decrease SF if the incremented counter exceeds a threshold.

33. (Currently Amended) A computer program product for use with a scheduler for a network processor, the scheduler including:

a scheduling queue in which <u>a</u> weighted fair queuing is applied, the scheduling queue having a range R, flows being attached to the scheduling queue at a distance D from a current pointer for the scheduling queue, the distance D being calculated for each flow according to the formula D = $(WF \times FS)/SF)$, where:

WF is a weighting factor applicable to a respective flow;

F\$ is a frame size attributable to the respective flow; and

SF is a scaling factor;

the computer program product comprising:

a medium readable by a computer, the computer readable medium having computer program code adapted to:

calculate the distance D with respect to a particular flow to be enqueued;

compare the distance D to the range R; and adjust the scaling factor SF based on a result of the comparison of the distance D to the range R.